

1

Tick the right answer:

- As the river enters the flood plain it twists and turns forming large bends known as
  - Levees
  - Oxbow lakes
  - Loess
  - Meanders
- The instrument used to measure the intensity of an earthquake is
  - Barometer
  - Seismograph
  - Seismic Focus
  - Hygrometer
- Which one of the following is not an example for exogenic forces?
  - Volcano
  - Sea-waves
  - Glaciers
  - River

2

Match the following:

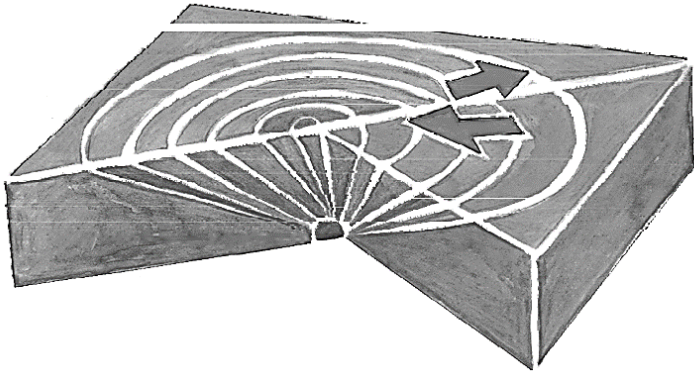
A	B
(i) Glacier	(a) Sea shore
(ii) Meanders	(b) Mushroom rock
(iii) Beach	(c) River of ice
(iv) Sand dunes	(d) Rivers
(v) Waterfall	(e) Vibrations of earth
(vi) Earthquake	(f) Sea cliff
	(g) Hard bed rock

3

Fill in the blanks:

- The Earth's surface is made up of many large, irregular pieces called\_\_\_\_\_.
- A \_\_\_\_\_is an opening in the Earth's crust through which molten rock, gases, and ash erupt.
- The steep rocky coast rising almost vertically above the sea water is called \_\_\_\_\_.

Label the following diagrams:



A. Origin of an Earthquake



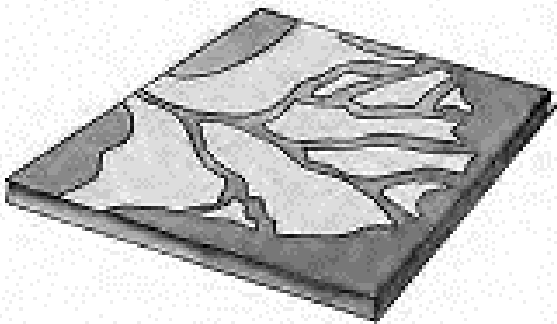
B. A Volcano



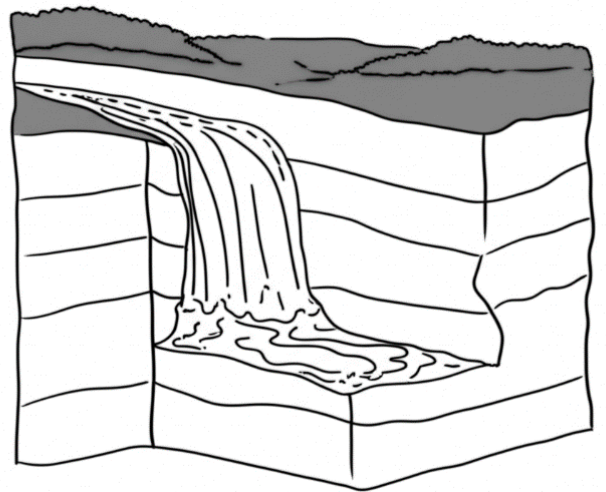
C. Features made by a river in a flood plain



D. Features made by sea waves



E. A Delta



F. A Waterfall